BEFORE THE NEBRASKA TAX EQUALIZATION AND REVIEW COMMISSION

Scott D. Hurst, Appellant,

v.

Douglas County Board of Equalization, Appellee.

Case No: 14R 053

Decision and Order Affirming County Board of Equalization

Background

- 1. The Subject Property is a 2,765 square foot two story residential property, with a legal description of: Elk Valley Lot 105, Block 0 Irreg, Douglas County, Nebraska.
- 2. The Douglas County Assessor (the County Assessor) assessed the Subject Property at \$308,900 for tax year 2014.
- 3. The Taxpayer protested this value to the Douglas County Board of Equalization (the County Board) and requested a lower assessed value for tax year 2014.
- 4. The County Board determined that the taxable value of the Subject Property was \$308,900 for tax year 2014.
- 5. The Taxpayer appealed the determination of the County Board to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission (the Commission).
- 6. A Single Commissioner hearing was held on November 18, 2016, at the Omaha State Office Building, 1313 Farnam, Third Floor, Room F, Omaha, Nebraska, before Commissioner Steven A. Keetle.
- 7. Scott D. Hurst was present at the hearing (Taxpayer).
- 8. Larry Thomsen of the Douglas County Assessor/Register of Deeds Office was present for the County Board.

Applicable Law

- 9. All real property in Nebraska subject to taxation shall be assessed as of the effective date of January 1.¹
- 10. The Commission's review of the determination of the County Board of Equalization is de novo.²
- 11. When considering an appeal a presumption exists that the "board of equalization has faithfully performed its official duties in making an assessment and has acted upon

¹ See, Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-1301(1) (Reissue 2009).

² See, Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5016(8) (2016 Cum. Supp.), *Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal.*, 276 Neb. 275, 286, 753 N.W.2d 802, 813 (2008). "When an appeal is conducted as a 'trial de novo,' as opposed to a 'trial de novo on the record,' it means literally a new hearing and not merely new findings of fact based upon a previous record. A trial de novo is conducted as though the earlier trial had not been held in the first place, and evidence is taken anew as such evidence is available at the time of the trial on appeal." *Koch v. Cedar Cty. Freeholder Bd.*, 276 Neb. 1009, 1019 (2009).

- sufficient competent evidence to justify its action."³ That presumption "remains until there is competent evidence to the contrary presented, and the presumption disappears when there is competent evidence adduced on appeal to the contrary. From that point forward, the reasonableness of the valuation fixed by the board of equalization becomes one of fact based upon all the evidence presented. The burden of showing such valuation to be unreasonable rests upon the taxpayer on appeal from the action of the board."⁴
- 12. The order, decision, determination or action appealed from shall be affirmed unless evidence is adduced establishing that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary.⁵
- 13. Proof that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary must be made by clear and convincing evidence.⁶
- 14. A Taxpayer must introduce competent evidence of actual value of the Subject Property in order to successfully claim that the Subject Property is overvalued.⁷
- 15. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law.⁸

Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law

- 16. The Taxpayer argued that because other properties in his subdivision decreased in value for tax year 2014, the assessed value for the Subject Property should decrease as well.
- 17. The Taxpayer offered a list of assessed values for properties in the Elk Valley subdivision indicating that the assessed values of 11 properties decreased and the Subject Property's assessed value increased for 2014.
- 18. Only the Property Record File for the Subject Property and three other properties offered as comparable properties by the County were brought to the hearing.
- 19. These Property Record Files indicated that the assessed value of the Subject Property increased while the assessed values of the comparable properties decreased from the prior year. However these differences in assessed values were accounted for in the differences in the characteristics of the properties such as square footage, number of bathrooms and bathroom fixtures, decks, patios and basement finish.
- 20. The Nebraska Supreme Court has held that the assessed value for real property may be different from year to year, dependent upon the circumstances. For this reason, a prior year's assessment is not relevant to the subsequent year's valuation. 10

⁵ Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5016(9) (2014 Cum. Supp.).

³ Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. Of Equal., 276 Neb. 275, 283, 753 N.W.2d 802, 811 (2008) (Citations omitted).

⁴ *Id*.

⁶ Omaha Country Club v. Douglas Cty. Bd. of Equal., 11 Neb. App. 171, 645 N.W.2d 821 (2002).

⁷ Cf. *Josten-Wilbert Vault Co. v. Board of Equalization for Buffalo County*, 179 Neb. 415, 138 N.W.2d 641 (1965) (determination of actual value); *Lincoln Tel. and Tel. Co. v. County Bd. Of Equalization of York County*, 209 Neb. 465, 308 N.W.2d 515 (1981)(determination of equalized taxable value).

⁸ Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5018(1) (2014 Cum. Supp.).

⁹ See, Affiliated Foods Coop. v. Madison Co. Bd. Of Equal., 229 Neb. 605, 613, 428 N.W.2d 201, 206 (1988).

- 21. The Taxpayer has not produced competent evidence that the County Board failed to faithfully perform its duties and to act on sufficient competent evidence to justify its actions.
- 22. The Taxpayer has not adduced clear and convincing evidence that the determination of the County Board is arbitrary or unreasonable and the decision of the County Board should be affirmed.

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Decision of the County Board of Equalization determining the taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2014, is Affirmed.
- 2. The taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2014 is:

Land	\$ 38,400
Improvements	\$270,500
Total	\$308,900

- 3. This Decision and Order, if no further action is taken, shall be certified to the Douglas County Treasurer and the Douglas County Assessor, pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5018 (2014 Cum. Supp.).
- 4. Any request for relief, by any party, which is not specifically provided for by this Decision and Order is denied.
- 5. Each Party is to bear its own costs in this proceeding.
- 6. This Decision and Order shall only be applicable to tax year 2014.
- 7. This Decision and Order is effective on January 30, 2017.

Signed and Sealed: January 30, 2017.

Steven A. Keetle, Commissioner

¹⁰ See, *DeVore v. Bd. Of Equal.*, 144 Neb. 351, 13 N.W.2d 451 (1944), *Affiliated Foods*, 229 Neb. at 613, 428 N.W.2d at 206 (1988).