BEFORE THE NEBRASKA TAX EQUALIZATION AND REVIEW COMMISSION

BELLAMINI PROPERTIES LLC, APPELLANT,

V.

DOUGLAS COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, APPELLEE. CASE NO: 22C 0867

DECISION AND ORDER AFFIRMING THE DECISION OF THE DOUGLAS COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

I. BACKGROUND

- 1. The Subject Property is an improved commercial parcel in Douglas County, parcel number 1531620003.
- 2. The Douglas County Assessor (the County Assessor) assessed the Subject Property at \$547,900 for tax year 2022.
- 3. Bellamini Properties LLC (the Taxpayer) protested this value to the Douglas County Board of Equalization (the County Board).
- 4. The County Board determined that the taxable value of the Subject Property was \$547,900 for tax year 2022.
- 5. The Taxpayer appealed the determination of the County Board to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission (the Commission).
- 6. A Single Commissioner hearing was held on December 21, 2023, at the Omaha State Office Building, 1313 Farnam Street, Room 227, Omaha, Nebraska, before Commissioner Steven Keetle.
- 7. Michael Walz was present at the hearing for the Taxpayer.
- 8. Keith Nielsen with the County Assessor's Office (the County Appraiser) was present for the County Board.

II. APPLICABLE LAW

- 9. All real property in Nebraska subject to taxation shall be assessed as of the effective date of January 1.¹
- 10. The Commission's review of a determination of the County Board of Equalization is de novo.²
- 11. When the Commission considers an appeal of a decision of a county board of equalization, there are two burdens of proof.³
- 12. The first involves a presumption that the board of equalization has faithfully performed its official duties in making an assessment and has acted upon sufficient competent evidence to justify its action. That presumption remains until there is competent evidence to the contrary presented, and the presumption disappears when there is competent evidence adduced on appeal to the contrary.
- 13. The second burden of proof requires that from that point forward, the reasonableness of the valuation fixed by the board of equalization becomes one of fact based upon all the evidence presented. The burden of showing such valuation to be unreasonable rests upon the taxpayer on appeal from the action of the board.

¹ Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-1301(1) (Cum. Supp. 2022).

² See Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(8) (Reissue 2018), *Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal.*, 276 Neb. 275, 286, 753 N.W.2d 802, 813 (2008). "When an appeal is conducted as a 'trial de novo,' as opposed to a 'trial de novo on the record,' it means literally a new hearing and not merely new findings of fact based upon a previous record. A trial de novo is conducted as though the earlier trial had not been held in the first place, and evidence is taken anew as such evidence is available at the time of the trial on appeal." *Koch v. Cedar Cty. Freeholder Bd.*, 276 Neb. 1009, 1019, 759 N.W.2d 464, 473 (2009).

³ Pinnacle Enters., Inc. v. Sarpy Cty. Bd. of Equalization, 320 Neb. 303, 309, ____ N.W.3d ___ (2025). See also Brenner, 276 Neb. at 283, 753 N.W.2d at 811 (quoting Ideal Basic Indus. v. Nuckolls Cty. Bd. of Equal., 231 Neb. 653, 654-55, 437 N.W.2d 501, 502 (1989)).

⁴ Pinnacle Enters., 320 Neb. at 309, ___ N.W.3d at ___ (quoting Cain v. Custer Cty. Bd. of Equal., 315 Neb. 809, 818, 1 N.W.3d 512, 521 (2024)). See also Brenner, 276 Neb. at 283, 753 N.W.2d at 811 (quoting Ideal Basic Indus., 231 Neb. at 654-55, 437 N.W.2d at 502).

⁵ Pinnacle Enters., 320 Neb. at 309, ___ N.W.3d at ___

⁶ Id. See also Brenner, 276 Neb. at 283-84, 753 N.W.2d at 811.

⁷ Pinnacle Enters., 320 Neb. at 309, ___ N.W.3d at ___. See also Brenner, 276 Neb. at 283-84, 753 N.W.2d at 811.

- 14. The order, decision, determination or action appealed from shall be affirmed unless evidence is adduced establishing that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary. Proof that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary must be made by clear and convincing evidence. 9
- 15. The Taxpayer must introduce competent evidence of actual value of the Subject Property in order to successfully claim that the Subject Property is overvalued. ¹⁰ The County Board need not put on any evidence to support its valuation of the property at issue unless the Taxpayer establishes that the County Board's valuation was unreasonable or arbitrary. ¹¹
- 16. In an appeal, the Commission may determine any question raised in the proceeding upon which an order, decision, determination, or action appealed from is based. The Commission may consider all questions necessary to determine taxable value of property as it hears an appeal or cross appeal. The Commission may take notice of judicially cognizable facts, may take notice of general, technical, or scientific facts within its specialized knowledge, and may utilize its experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to it. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law.

⁸ Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(9) (Reissue 2018).

⁹ Pinnacle Enters., 320 Neb. at 309, ___ N.W.3d at ___; Omaha Country Club v. Douglas County Bd. of Equal., 11 Neb. App. 171, 645 N.W.2d 821 (2002).

¹⁰ Cf. Josten-Wilbert Vault Co. v. Bd. of Equal. for Buffalo County, 179 Neb. 415, 138 N.W.2d 641 (1965) (determination of actual value) abrogated on other grounds by Potts v. Bd. of Equalization, 213 Neb. 37, 328 N.W.2d 175 (1982)); Lincoln Tel. and Tel. Co. v. County Bd. of Equal. of York County, 209 Neb. 465, 308 N.W.2d 515 (1981) (determination of equalized taxable value).

¹¹ Wheatland Indus., LLC v. Perkins Cty. Bd. of Equalization, 304 Neb. 638, 935 N.W.2d 764 (2019) (quoting Bottorf v. Clay Cty. Bd. of Equal., 7 Neb. App. 162, 168, 580 N.W.2d 561, 566 (1998)).

¹² Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(8) (Reissue 2018).

 $^{^{13}}$ Id.

¹⁴ Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(6) (Reissue 2018).

 $^{^{15}}$ Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5018(1) (Reissue 2018).

17. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law. 16

III. FINDINGS OF FACT & CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 18. The Subject Property is a commercial parcel improved with a three-story, eight-unit apartment building constructed in 1886 and last remodeled in 2011. The Subject Property has a quality rating of average and a condition rating of good.
- 19. The County Board presented the Property Record File (PRF) for the Subject Property. The PRF contains information about the characteristics of the Subject Property and information regarding the qualified sales that occurred in the economic area of the Subject Property. The County Board also presented a CoStar report containing rental, construction, and other market information for the area around the Subject Property.
- 20. The County Appraiser stated that the assessed value of the Subject Property was determined using an income model for similar apartment buildings based on market information for similar properties in the downtown area.
- 21. The Taxpayer alleged that the assessed value of the Subject Property should be reduced due to the nuance caused by its proximity to the Douglas County Jail and the jail's rooftop exercise yard across the street from the Subject Property. The Taxpayer presented the testimony of Walz and a video.
- 22. The Walz stated that inmates will yell from the exercise yard at himself and his tenants while they are on the Subject Property, and that people will loiter outside the Subject Property to see and talk to their incarcerated friends and loved ones.
- 23. The Taxpayer presented a video taken from the Subject Property showing inmates yelling at Walz from the rooftop exercise yard across the street.

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¹⁶ *Id*.

- 24. Walz stated that the presence of the jail, yelling, loiterers, and particularly catcalls from the inmates have hurt his online reviews and reduced repeat bookings for his rental property.
- 25. The Taxpayer did not present information to allow the Commission to quantify the impact of the county jail across the street on the value of the Subject Property.
- 26. The Taxpayer has not produced competent evidence that the County Board failed to faithfully perform its duties and to act on sufficient competent evidence to justify its actions.
- 27. The Taxpayer has not adduced clear and convincing evidence that the determination of the County Board is arbitrary or unreasonable and the decision of the County Board should be affirmed.

IV. ORDER

IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The decision of the County Board of Equalization determining the taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2022 is affirmed.
- 2. The taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2022 is:

Land	\$ 38,400
Improvements	\$509,500
Total	\$547,900

- 3. This Decision and Order, if no further action is taken, shall be certified to the Douglas County Treasurer and the Douglas County Assessor, pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5018 (Reissue 2018).
- 4. Any request for relief, by any party, which is not specifically provided for by this Decision and Order is denied.
- 5. Each party is to bear its own costs in this proceeding.
- 6. This Decision and Order shall only be applicable to tax year 2022.

7. This Decision and Order is effective on December 10, 2025.

Signed and Sealed: December 10, 2025



Steven A. Keetle, Commissioner