# BEFORE THE NEBRASKA TAX EQUALIZATION AND REVIEW COMMISSION

Paulette M. Milem, Appellant,

v.

Lancaster County Board of Equalization, Appellee.

Case No: 19R 0150

Decision and Order Affirming County Board of Equalization

## Background

- 1. The Subject Property is a single family dwelling, with a legal description of: Bristolwood, Block 1, Lot 47.
- 2. The Lancaster County Assessor (the Assessor) assessed the Subject Property at \$238,300 for tax year 2019.
- 3. Paulette Milem (the Taxpayer) protested this value to the Lancaster County Board of Equalization (the County Board).
- 4. The County Board determined that the taxable value of the Subject Property was \$238,300 for tax year 2019.
- 5. The Taxpayer appealed the determination of the County Board to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission (the Commission).
- 6. A Single Commissioner hearing was held on October 16, 2020, at the Tax Equalization and Review Commission Hearing Room, Sixth Floor, Nebraska State Office Building, 301 Centennial Mall South, Lincoln, Nebraska, before Commissioner James D. Kuhn.
- 7. Paulette M. Milem was present at the hearing.
- 8. Brian Coulter (the Appraiser) was present for the County Board.

## Applicable Law

- 9. All real property in Nebraska subject to taxation shall be assessed as of the effective date of January 1.<sup>1</sup>
- 10. The Commission's review of a determination of the County Board of Equalization is de novo <sup>2</sup>
- 11. When considering an appeal a presumption exists that the "board of equalization has faithfully performed its official duties in making an assessment and has acted upon sufficient competent evidence to justify its action." That presumption "remains until there is competent evidence to the contrary presented, and the presumption disappears

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-1301(1) (Reissue 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(8) (Reissue 2018), *Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal.*, 276 Neb. 275, 286, 753 N.W.2d 802, 813 (2008). "When an appeal is conducted as a 'trial de novo,' as opposed to a 'trial de novo on the record,' it means literally a new hearing and not merely new findings of fact based upon a previous record. A trial de novo is conducted as though the earlier trial had not been held in the first place, and evidence is taken anew as such evidence is available at the time of the trial on appeal." *Koch v. Cedar Cty. Freeholder Bd.*, 276 Neb. 1009, 1019 (2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal., 276 Neb. 275, 283, 753 N.W.2d 802, 811 (2008).

- when there is competent evidence adduced on appeal to the contrary. From that point forward, the reasonableness of the valuation fixed by the board of equalization becomes one of fact based upon all the evidence presented. The burden of showing such valuation to be unreasonable rests upon the taxpayer on appeal from the action of the board."<sup>4</sup>
- 12. The order, decision, determination or action appealed from shall be affirmed unless evidence is adduced establishing that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary.<sup>5</sup>
- 13. Proof that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary must be made by clear and convincing evidence.<sup>6</sup>
- 14. A Taxpayer must introduce competent evidence of actual value of the Subject Property in order to successfully claim that the Subject Property is overvalued.<sup>7</sup>
- 15. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law.<sup>8</sup>

## Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law

- 16. The Taxpayer stated the main issue with the Subject Property is the CDU (condition) rating of 5 (average plus) that has been placed on it by the Assessor. The Taxpayer feels her CDU rating should be a 4 (typical), the same as comparable properties located near the Subject Property.
- 17. The Taxpayer provided spreadsheets and PRCs (property record card) showing seven comparable properties. All of the comparable properties have a CDU of 4 whereas the Subject Property has a CDU of 5.
- 18. The Appraiser stated the Subject Property has a CDU of 5 due to a permit for a kitchen remodel in 2016 and a bathroom added in 2014. The Appraiser estimates the CDU increased because of the improvements made to the Subject Property. The Appraiser stated the CDU of a property is a subjective rating given to a property by the field appraisers.
- 19. The Appraiser provided a spreadsheet with sales of comparable properties with similar characteristics as the Subject Property including the same CDU. The sales show the price per square foot of the Subject Property is near the middle of the neighborhood values and the Appraiser believes the property to be correctly valued.
- 20. The Commission did not receive any evidence that the CDU of the Subject Property is incorrect. The Commission was not persuaded the CDU is incorrect.

<sup>5</sup> Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(9) (Reissue 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Omaha Country Club v. Douglas Cty. Bd. of Equal., 11 Neb. App. 171, 645 N.W.2d 821 (2002).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Cf. *Josten-Wilbert Vault Co. v. Bd. of Equal. for Buffalo Cty.*, 179 Neb. 415, 138 N.W.2d 641 (1965) (determination of actual value); *Lincoln Tel. and Tel. Co. v. County Bd. of Equal. of York Cty.*, 209 Neb. 465, 308 N.W.2d 515 (1981) (determination of equalized taxable value).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5018(1) (Reissue 2018).

- 21. The Taxpayer has not produced competent evidence that the County Board failed to faithfully perform its duties and to act on sufficient competent evidence to justify its actions.
- 22. The Taxpayer has not adduced clear and convincing evidence that the determination of the County Board is arbitrary or unreasonable and the decision of the County Board should be affirmed.

#### **ORDER**

#### IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Decision of the County Board of Equalization determining the taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2019 is affirmed.
- 2. The taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2019 is:

Land	\$ 45,000
Improvements	\$193,300
Total	\$238,300

- 3. This Decision and Order, if no further action is taken, shall be certified to the Lancaster County Treasurer and the Lancaster County Assessor, pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5018 (Reissue 2018).
- 4. Any request for relief, by any party, which is not specifically provided for by this Decision and Order is denied.
- 5. Each party is to bear its own costs in this proceeding.
- 6. This Decision and Order shall only be applicable to tax year 2019.
- 7. This Decision and Order is effective on January 5, 2021.

Signed and Sealed: January 5, 2021

James D. Kuhn, Commissioner