# BEFORE THE NEBRASKA TAX EQUALIZATION AND REVIEW COMMISSION

Surfaces Countertops & Tile, LLC, Appellant,

v.

Douglas County Board of Equalization, Appellee.

Case No: 18R 0385

Decision and Order Affirming County Board of Equalization

### Background

- 1. The Subject Property is a single family dwelling, with a legal description of: Indian Hills Village Lot 107 Block 0 100 x 149.7.
- 2. The Douglas County Assessor (the Assessor) assessed the Subject Property at \$262,900 for tax year 2018.
- 3. Surfaces Countertops and Tile (the Taxpayer) protested this value to the Douglas County Board of Equalization (the County Board) and requested a lower assessment for tax year 2018.
- 4. The County Board determined that the taxable value of the Subject Property was \$222,900 for tax year 2018.
- 5. The Taxpayer appealed the determination of the County Board to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission (the Commission).
- 6. A Single Commissioner hearing was held on September 8, 2020, at the Tax Equalization and Review Commission Hearing Room, Sixth Floor, Nebraska State Office Building, 301 Centennial Mall South, Lincoln, Nebraska, before Commissioner James D. Kuhn.
- 7. Michael J. Walz was present at the hearing for the Taxpayer.
- 8. Mark Jenkins (the Appraiser) was present for the County Board.

## Applicable Law

- 9. All real property in Nebraska subject to taxation shall be assessed as of the effective date of January 1.<sup>1</sup>
- 10. The Commission's review of a determination of the County Board of Equalization is de novo.<sup>2</sup>
- 11. When considering an appeal a presumption exists that the "board of equalization has faithfully performed its official duties in making an assessment and has acted upon sufficient competent evidence to justify its action." That presumption "remains until

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-1301(1) (Reissue 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(8) (Reissue 2018), *Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal.*, 276 Neb. 275, 286, 753 N.W.2d 802, 813 (2008). "When an appeal is conducted as a 'trial de novo,' as opposed to a 'trial de novo on the record,' it means literally a new hearing and not merely new findings of fact based upon a previous record. A trial de novo is conducted as though the earlier trial had not been held in the first place, and evidence is taken anew as such evidence is available at the time of the trial on appeal." *Koch v. Cedar Cty. Freeholder Bd.*, 276 Neb. 1009, 1019 (2009).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal., 276 Neb. 275, 283, 753 N.W.2d 802, 811 (2008).

- there is competent evidence to the contrary presented, and the presumption disappears when there is competent evidence adduced on appeal to the contrary. From that point forward, the reasonableness of the valuation fixed by the board of equalization becomes one of fact based upon all the evidence presented. The burden of showing such valuation to be unreasonable rests upon the taxpayer on appeal from the action of the board."<sup>4</sup>
- 12. The order, decision, determination or action appealed from shall be affirmed unless evidence is adduced establishing that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary.<sup>5</sup>
- 13. Proof that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary must be made by clear and convincing evidence.<sup>6</sup>
- 14. A Taxpayer must introduce competent evidence of actual value of the Subject Property in order to successfully claim that the Subject Property is overvalued.<sup>7</sup>
- 15. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law.<sup>8</sup>

## Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law

- 16. The Taxpayer contends the Subject Property was in the process of being remodeled during the 2018 tax year. The Taxpayer stated the value was lowered by the County Board of Equalization for tax year 2019 after an inspection by an appraiser from the Assessor's office. Notes on the property record file indicate the condition of the Subject Property was lowered to "Fair" from "Good" for the 2019 tax year due to ongoing remodeling. The Taxpayer stated the condition of the Subject Property was worse in 2018 than it was when it was inspected by the Appraiser in 2019.
- 17. The Appraiser stated he was unaware of condition of the Subject Property for the 2018 tax year. The assessed value for real property may be different from year to year, dependent upon the circumstances.<sup>9</sup>
- 18. The Commission is convinced the condition of the Subject Property for 2018 should be "Fair." However, no evidence was provided to show what that resulting value would be.
- 19. The Taxpayer has not produced competent evidence that the County Board failed to faithfully perform its duties and to act on sufficient competent evidence to justify its actions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5016(9) (Reissue 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Omaha Country Club v. Douglas Cty. Bd. of Equal., 11 Neb. App. 171, 645 N.W.2d 821 (2002).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Cf. *Josten-Wilbert Vault Co. v. Bd. of Equal. for Buffalo Cty.*, 179 Neb. 415, 138 N.W.2d 641 (1965) (determination of actual value); *Lincoln Tel. and Tel. Co. v. County Bd. of Equal. of York Cty.*, 209 Neb. 465, 308 N.W.2d 515 (1981) (determination of equalized taxable value).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5018(1) (Reissue 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Affiliated Foods Coop. v. Madison Co. Bd. of Equal., 229 Neb. 605, 613, 428 N.W.2d 201, 206 (1988).

20. The Taxpayer has not adduced clear and convincing evidence that the determination of the County Board is arbitrary or unreasonable and the decision of the County Board should be affirmed.

#### **ORDER**

#### IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Decision of the County Board of Equalization determining the taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2018 is affirmed.
- 2. The taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2018 is:

Total \$222,900

- 3. This Decision and Order, if no further action is taken, shall be certified to the Douglas County Treasurer and the Douglas County Assessor, pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5018 (Reissue 2018).
- 4. Any request for relief, by any party, which is not specifically provided for by this Decision and Order is denied.
- 5. Each Party is to bear its own costs in this proceeding.
- 6. This Decision and Order shall only be applicable to tax year 2018.
- 7. This Decision and Order is effective on February 17, 2021.

Signed and Sealed: February 17, 2021

James D. Kuhn, Commissioner