BEFORE THE NEBRASKA TAX EQUALIZATION AND REVIEW COMMISSION

Live Cleaner LLC, Appellant,

v.

Douglas County Board of Equalization, Appellee.

Case No: 16R 0046

Decision and Order Reversing the Determination of the Douglas County Board of Equalization

Background

- 1. The Subject Property is a one and one half story residential property, with a legal description of: Meadowview Lot 1 Block 2 Irreg., Omaha, Douglas County, Nebraska.
- 2. The Douglas County Assessor (the County Assessor) assessed the Subject Property at \$141,500 for tax year 2016.
- 3. The Taxpayer protested this value to the Douglas County Board of Equalization (the County Board) and requested an assessed value of \$127,800 for tax year 2016.
- 4. The County Board determined that the taxable value of the Subject Property was \$141,500 for tax year 2016.
- 5. The Taxpayer appealed the determination of the County Board to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission (the Commission).
- 6. A Single Commissioner hearing was held on January 30, 2018, at the Omaha State Office Building, 1313 Farnam, Third Floor, Room E, Omaha, Nebraska, before Commissioner Steven Keetle.
- 7. Gregg Theiss was present at the hearing for Live Cleaner LLC (Taxpayer).
- 8. Larry Thomsen, a Senior Residential Appraiser with the Douglas County Assessor/Register of Deeds Office (the County Appraiser) were present for the County Board.

Applicable Law

- 9. All real property in Nebraska subject to taxation shall be assessed as of the effective date of January 1.¹
- 10. The Commission's review of the determination of the County Board of Equalization is de novo.²

¹ See, Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-1301(1) (Reissue 2009).

² See, Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5016(8) (2016 Cum. Supp.), *Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal.*, 276 Neb. 275, 286, 753 N.W.2d 802, 813 (2008). "When an appeal is conducted as a 'trial de novo,' as opposed to a 'trial de novo on the record,' it means literally a new hearing and not merely new findings of fact based upon a previous record. A trial de novo is conducted as though the earlier trial had not been held in the first place, and evidence is taken anew as such evidence is available at the time of the trial on appeal." *Koch v. Cedar Cty. Freeholder Bd.*, 276 Neb. 1009, 1019 (2009).

- 11. When considering an appeal a presumption exists that the "board of equalization has faithfully performed its official duties in making an assessment and has acted upon sufficient competent evidence to justify its action." That presumption "remains until there is competent evidence to the contrary presented, and the presumption disappears when there is competent evidence adduced on appeal to the contrary. From that point forward, the reasonableness of the valuation fixed by the board of equalization becomes one of fact based upon all the evidence presented. The burden of showing such valuation to be unreasonable rests upon the taxpayer on appeal from the action of the board."
- 12. The order, decision, determination or action appealed from shall be affirmed unless evidence is adduced establishing that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary.⁵
- 13. Proof that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary must be made by clear and convincing evidence.⁶
- 14. A Taxpayer must introduce competent evidence of actual value of the Subject Property in order to successfully claim that the Subject Property is overvalued.⁷
- 15. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law.⁸

Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law

- 16. The Taxpayer alleged that the assessed value of the Subject Property was too high for the 2016 tax year.
- 17. The Taxpayer provided an appraisal of the Subject Property which arrived at a value of \$127,800, six months after the assessment date (the Appraisal).
- 18. The County Board presented the Property Record File (PRF) for the Subject Property for the 2016 tax year.
- 19. While reviewing these documents and the statements of the Taxpayer and the County Appraiser the Commission determined that both the Appraisal and the PRF utilized incorrect information regarding the number of baths in the Subject Property and the square footage attributable to the two car garage in the Subject Property.
- 20. The PRFs for the comparable properties in the Appraisal were not presented to the Commission and the appraiser who prepared the Appraisal was not present to indicate how the corrected information would impact the Appraisal or its determination of value.

³ Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. Of Equal., 276 Neb. 275, 283, 753 N.W.2d 802, 811 (2008) (Citations omitted).

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5016(9) (2016 Cum. Supp.).

⁶ Omaha Country Club v. Douglas Cty. Bd. of Equal., 11 Neb. App. 171, 645 N.W.2d 821 (2002).

⁷ Cf. *Josten-Wilbert Vault Co. v. Board of Equalization for Buffalo County*, 179 Neb. 415, 138 N.W.2d 641 (1965) (determination of actual value); *Lincoln Tel. and Tel. Co. v. County Bd. Of Equalization of York County*, 209 Neb. 465, 308 N.W.2d 515 (1981)(determination of equalized taxable value).

⁸ Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5018(1) (2016 Cum. Supp.).

- 21. The County Appraiser stated that utilizing the correct information regarding the characteristics of the Subject Property his opinion of value for the Subject Property as of the assessment date would be \$129,700.
- 22. The Commission finds and determines based on the information before it that the assessed value of the Subject Property is \$129,700 for tax year 2016,
- 23. The Taxpayer has produced competent evidence that the County Board failed to faithfully perform its duties and to act on sufficient competent evidence to justify its actions.
- 24. The Taxpayer has adduced clear and convincing evidence that the determination of the County Board is arbitrary or unreasonable and the decision of the County Board should be vacated.

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Decision of the County Board of Equalization determining the taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2016, is Vacated and Reversed.
- 2. The taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2016 is:

Land	\$ 21,000
Improvements	\$108,700
Total	\$129,700

- 3. This Decision and Order, if no further action is taken, shall be certified to the Douglas County Treasurer and the Douglas County Assessor, pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5018 (2016 Cum. Supp.).
- 4. Any request for relief, by any party, which is not specifically provided for by this Decision and Order is denied.
- 5. Each Party is to bear its own costs in this proceeding.
- 6. This Decision and Order shall only be applicable to tax year 2016.
- 7. This Decision and Order is effective on March 29, 2018.

Signed and Sealed: March 29, 2018		
	Steven A. Keetle, Commissioner	